ERS-220, Tekkotsu 3.0

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1 — Building —

1.1 Environment Variables

Values can be set in project/Environment.conf, a shell environment variable, or the make command line. Each configuration method overrides values from prior methods.

- ◆ OPENRSDK_ROOT Location of OPEN-R SDK installation (default /usr/local/OPEN_R_SDK)
- TEKKOTSU_ROOT Location of Tekkotsu installation (default /usr/local/Tekkotsu)
- MEMSTICK_ROOT Location of memory stick mount point (default tries to autodetect - Mac OS X users should get something in /Volumes/..., Cygwin users will want something like /cygdrive/e, Linux defaults to /mnt/memstick)
- ◆ TEKKOTSU_TARGET_PLATFORM Can be set to either PLATFORM_APERIOS (the Aibo's OS, default) Or PLATFORM_LOCAL (host machine's OS, local execution).
- ◆ TEKKOTSU_TARGET_MODEL Can be set to one of the supported robot models: TGT_ERS210, TGT_ERS220, TGT_ERS2xx (dual boot either 210 or 220), TGT_ERS7 (default).
- TEKKOTSU_ALWAYS_BUILD If any non-empty string (default), update libtekkotsu.a prior to each project build. Turn off if TEKKOTSU_ROOT is in a read-only location, such as a shared directory in a computer lab.

See also additional options and documentation in project/Environment.conf

1.2 Build Targets

The following targets are available as targets to the make command, from within a project directory:

- all Builds source into binary executables.
- newstick Erases memory stick, copies fresh system files
- install Builds all, copies project's ms directory to memory stick (may require previous make newstick)
- update Builds all, selectively copies newer files from ms to memory stick (requires rsync)
- ♦ sim Builds the project for local simulation, equivalent to all with TEKKOTSU_TARGET_PLATFORM set to PLATFORM_LOCAL
- clean, cleanProj, cleanDeps Erases all, just project, or dependancy (.d) build files

The following targets are available to make from within the main Tekkotsu directory:

- all Updates [build/.../]libtekkotsu.a for each supported platform
- compile Updates [build/.../]libtekkotsu.a for only the current platform (see TEKKOTSU_TARGET_PLATFORM)

2 — Execution —

2.1 Console

You can view text output from code running on the AIBO by using a telnet connection. You can filter the output you wish to receive by selecting a port number below. Any output sent to a port which is unconnected will be redirected to the one listed below it.

- 10002 Output from Main process's serr (e.g. serr->printf(...)). Theoretically "blocking", but some output can still be lost in the system network buffers during a crash. Input from client is ignored.
- 10001 Output from Main process's sout. Non-blocking for fast thoroughput, but will lose most recent data sent if crash occurs. Input is interpreted as ControllerGUI commands if no GUI is connected, otherwise each line of input is broadcast as a TextMsgEvent.
- ◆ 59000 The system output console, catches all output from the operating system itself, cout, cerr or basic printf. Non-blocking, buffered output, *blocking input* (don't use cin).

2.2 Controller

You can send these commands to port 10001 (assuming tekkotsu.cfg's main.consoleMode is the default value), the GUI port 10020 (if GUI not connected), or the GUI's scripts or "Send Input" field. All commands start with '!'. The input field will prefix non-commands with !input. Use quotes around multi-word arguments.

- ! reset return to the root menu
- !next hilight the next menu item
- !prev hilight the previous menu item
- !select [*item*] trigger activate of currently hilighted menu items, unless *item* is specified, in which case Controller will search from the root for an entry of the same name and trigger it if found
- ♦ !cancel move up/back a menu level
- !msg text broadcasts text as a TextMsgEvent
- ♦ !root item [subitem ...] triggers indicated items to drill down from root to a specified subitem. Doesn't change current menu location unless final item is a menu itself.
- ♦ !hilight [n1 [n2 ...]] Selects listed item indicies, can select multiple at once
- !input *text* Passes *text* as input to the currently hilighted item(s), can be used to move directly to a submenu, specify a filename to save data into, set a corresponding variable, etc., depending on the context.
- !set section.key=value sets a configuration variable, overriding the default found in tekkotsu.cfg for remainder of the current session only

3 — Model Specification -

Each supported robot model is specified by an "Info" header file in Shared, e.g. Shared/ERS220Info.h, which defines the constants shown in this section. These files can also alias symbols found on other models to aid in portability between models. Shared/RobotInfo.h should be used to automatically include the proper header for the current target model and bring its constants into the global namespace.

3.1 Output Offsets

"Outputs" (i.e. Joints, LEDs) are referred to by index ("offset") value. These values are formed by specifying a *section* offset, plus a *specific* offset. Sections are typically general across robot models, whereas the specifics are modeldependent (but can be aliased to provide compatability).

For most joints, the positive direction is "up", and the 0 position yields a forward looking, fully extended standing posture.

- ◆ {L,R}{Fr,Bk}LegOffset NumLegs combinations, each with JointsPerLeg items
 - + RotatorOffset: positive moves "out", away from body
 - + ElevatorOffset: positive moves up, away from body
 - + KneeOffset: positive bends knee (slight negative possible)
- HeadOffset NumHeadJoints items
 - + TiltOffset: positive looks up
 - + PanOffset: positive looks left
 - + RollOffset: positive rotates view counter-clockwise
- LEDs: these are all direct offsets, and do not need to be added to anything else
 - ◆ FaceFrontLeftLEDOffset, FaceFrontRightLEDOffset, FaceCenterLeftLEDOffset, FaceCenterRightLEDOffset - blue, FaceBackLeftLEDOffset, FaceBackRightLEDOffset - red
 - ModeLEDOffset mode indicator (back of the head orange)
 - BackLeft1LEDOffset, BackLeft2LEDOffset, BackLeft3LEDOffset, BackRight3LEDOffset, BackRight2LEDOffset, BackRight1LEDOffset
 - TailLeftLEDOffset (blue), TailCenterLEDOffset (red), TailRightLEDOffset (blue)
 - FaceFrontALEDOffset (blue), FaceFrontBLEDOffset (blue), FaceFrontCLEDOffset (red)
 - RetractableHeadLEDOffset retractable head light

It happens that these joints can also be grouped by the *type* of joint, so there are additionally a few other offsets that can be used in order to loop across a group of joints:

- PIDJointOffset NumPIDJoints items, servos using PID control
- ♦ LegOffset NumLegJoints items, a subset of PID servos corresponding to the leg joints
- ◆ LEDOffset NumLEDs items
- BinJointOffset NumBinJoints items, solenoids, such as the ears (if any) which flip between two positions
- ♦ NumOutputs total number of outputs available

LEDs are often handled in groups to display patterns. Some functions take an LEDBitMask_t parameter, which allows you to specify a set of LEDs in a single parameter. For any given LED offset *foo*LEDOffset, the corresponding bitmask constant is *foo*LEDMask. Alternatively, you could calculate the bitmask of *foo* by 1<< (*foo*-LEDOffset).

3.2 Reference Frames

Every PID joint has an associated reference frame, with the z axis along the axis of rotation. You can use the Output Offsets previously listed to refer to these reference frames. However, there are a few additional reference frames you may wish to refer, which do not correspond to any particular joint: • BaseFrameOffset - body center, x forward, y Aibo's left, z up

- PawFrameOffset NumLegs items, in the usual LegOrder_t,
- defines the reference frame of the passive ankle joint
- ♦ CameraFrameOffset The coordinate system used for vision, origin in the center of the image, x right, y down, z into the scene
- ♦ IRFrameOffset z axis aligned with the IR beam

3.3 Buttons

Primarily used with WorldState, i.e. state->buttons[x]. The antenna buttons (marked with a *) are "pressure" sensitive, but jump between threshold values (not a continuous response).

| LFrPawOffset | ChinButOffset | BackButOffset |
|--------------|------------------|---------------------|
| RFrPawOffset | HeadFrButOffset* | TailLeftButOffset |
| LBkPawOffset | HeadBkButOffset* | TailCenterButOffset |
| RBkPawOffset | | TailRightButOffset |

3.4 Sensors

Primarily used with WorldState, i.e. state->sensors[x]

| BAccelOffset | IRDistOffset | PowerCapacityOffset |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| LAccelOffset | PowerRemainOffset | PowerVoltageOffset |
| DAccelOffset | PowerThermoOffset | PowerCurrentOffset |

3.5 Limits

outputRanges defines the range of values available for each output. MaxOutputSpeed defines the maximum recommended speed for each output (0 indicates no limit, e.g LEDs).

4 — Development —

4.1 Events

These constants are defined by the EventBase::EventGeneratorID_t enumeration. For more information about the events sent by each generator, see EventBase documentation. Each of these constants will need to be prefixed with EventBase::.

| unknownEGID, | micPitchEGID, | visRawCameraEGID, |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| aiEGID, | motmanEGID, | visInterleaveEGID, |
| audioEGID, | pilotEGID, | visJPEGEGID, |
| buttonEGID, | powerEGID, | visPNGEGID, |
| erouterEGID, | sensorEGID, | visSegmentEGID, |
| estopEGID, | stateMachineEGID, | visRLEEGID, |
| locomotionEGID, | stateSignalEGID, | visRegionEGID, |
| lookoutEGID, | stateTransitionEGI | D,visObjEGID, |
| mapbuilderEGID, | textmsgEGID, | wmVarEGID, |
| micOSndEGID, | timerEGID, | worldModelEGID, |
| micRawEGID, | visOFbkEGID, | |
| micFFTEGID, | | |

The value and meaning of the event's 'source' field is defined by its generator, but the 'type' field is restricted to one of activateETID, statusETID, or deactivateETID.